YUJIN ROBOT

YUJIN AMS

YUJIN 3D LiDAR

YRL3V2 Series

Driver Package Operations Guide

Revision: 1.0
Date: 2022/04

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Doc. No. YUJIN 3D LiDAR_DG_EN_V1.0

Change History

The following table contains version information for this document and a history of significant changes.

Version	Date of Writing	Changes
V1.0	Jan 10, 2022	Draft

Table of Contents

1. Introduction

Yujin Robot provides a driver package for YUJIN LiDAR.

You can install and use the driver package in Ubuntu OS.

- Ubuntu is an open source OS.
- How to enter commands in Ubuntu OS: Run “**ctrl +alt + t**” on the desktop to enable the Terminal window and enter the desired command.

Note: This document is prepared for users of Ubuntu 20.04.

2. Installing the driver package

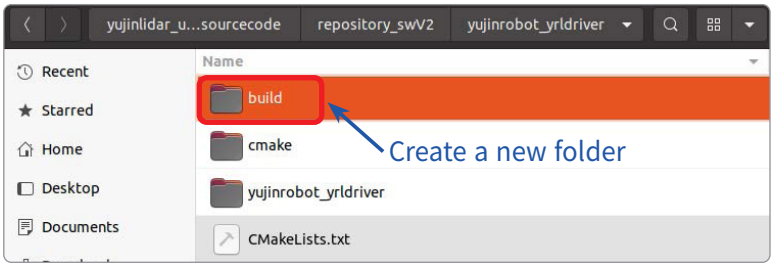
The driver package folder “yujinrobot_yrldriver” contains the following items:

- build (Create a new “build” folder.)
- cmake
- yujinrobot_yrldriver
- CMakeLists.txt

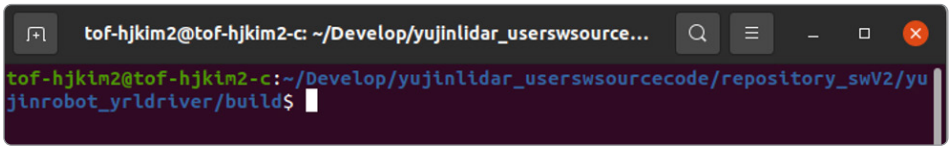
2.1 Creating a build folder

Create a new folder named “build”.

1. Create a new “build” folder under the “yujinrobot_yrldriver” folder.

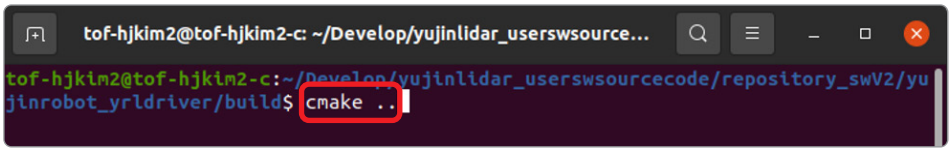


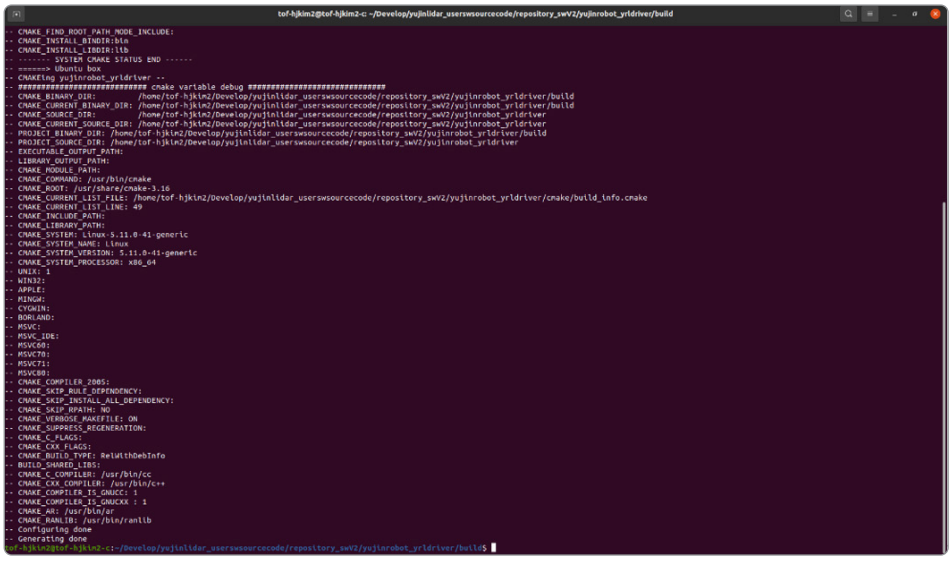
2. Launch the Terminal window in the newly created “build” folder.



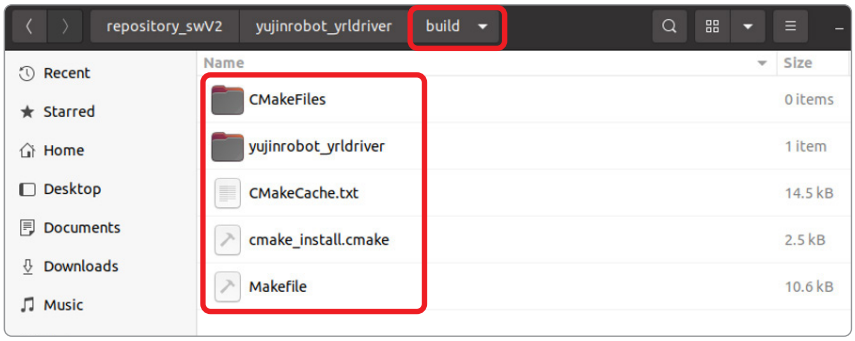
3. Enter the command to set up the compile preferences.

- Command: cmake …



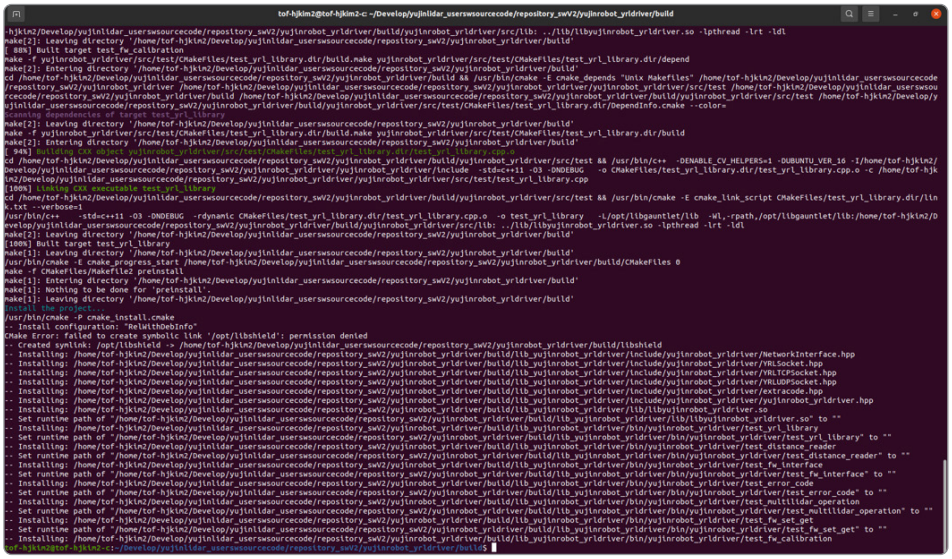


4. Check if all of the files below are created in the “build” folder.

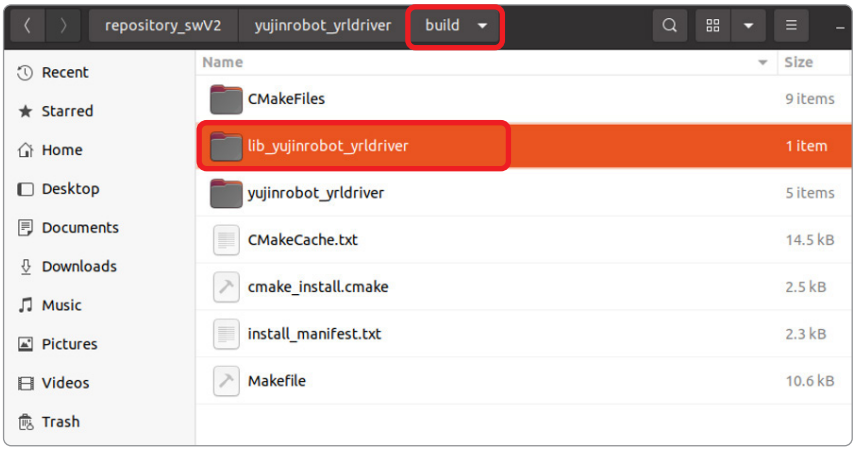


5. Enter the command to compile the source code.

- Command: make install



6. Check if an additional file has been created in the “build” folder as shown below. The ”lib_ yujinrobot_yrldriver” folder contains a test execution file and a driver library file.



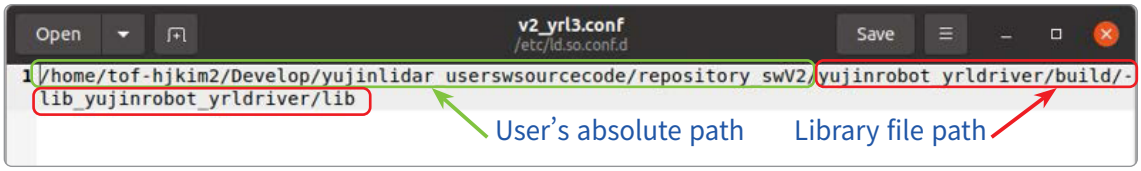
3. Running the driver package

3.1 Setting up the library path

1. Launch the Terminal window and create a configuration file to set up the library path. Enter the command below.

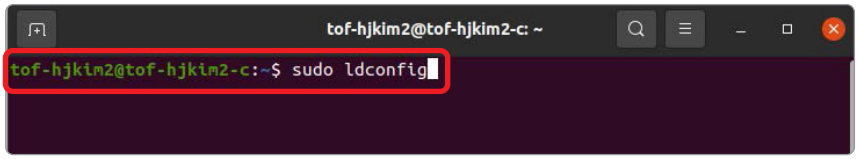
- Command: ~$ sudo gedit /etc/ld.so.conf.d/**[File name]**.conf
  - **[File name]**: File name set by the user

2. In the file created, enter the **[User's absolute path]** and **[Library file path]** as shown below.
   - **[User's absolute path]**: File path set by the user
   - **[Library file path]**: yujinrobot_yrldriver/build/lib_yujinrobot_yrldriver/lib



3. Configure the shared library cache again. Enter the command below.

- Command: sudo ldconfig

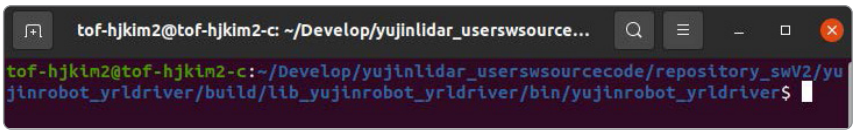


3.2 Running the test code

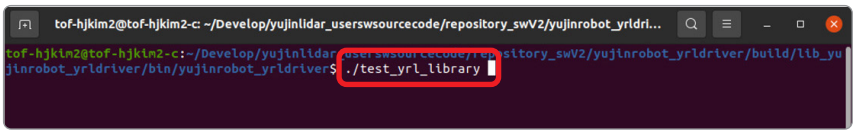
- Provided test code:
  - test_yrl_library
  - test_IP_change
  - test_mode_change
  - test_recover_network

- test_yrl_library run command: [executable file name] [IP address]
  - example) ./test_yrl_library 192.168.1.250
  - test_IP_change run command: [executable file name] [current IP address] [new IP address]
  - example) ./test_IP_change 192.168.1.250 192.168.11
  - test_mode_change run command: [executable file name] [IP address] [mode]
  - example) ./test_mode_change 192.168.1.250 1
  - test_recover_network run command: [executable file name] [IP address]
  - example) ./test_recover_network 192.168.1.250

1. Go to the folder that contains the “test code execution file”.
- yujinrobot_yrldriver/build/lib_yujinrobot_yrldriver/bin/yujinrobot_yrldriver



2. Launch the Terminal window and enter the command to run the test code.
- test_yrl_library



4. Using the test code

Yujin Robot provides a sample test code “test_yrl_library.cpp” for using the driver.

- File path: yujinrobot_yrldriver/yujinrobot_yrldriver/src/test/ test_yrl_library.cpp

The main () in the “test_yrl_library.cpp” provides the function call order as an annotation.

1. Create the driver object.

```
//== 1. CREATE DRIVER INSTANCE ============================================
YujinRobotYrlDriver* instance = new YujinRobotYrlDriver();
//=========================================================================
```

2. Enter LiDAR’s IP address.

```
//== 2. SET IP ============================================================
// THIS MUST BE SET BEFOR CALLING Start().
instance->SetIPAddrParam("192.168.1.250");
//=========================================================================
```

3. Establish TCP connection with LiDAR using the IP address.

```
//== 3. START DRIVER ======================================================
// THIS FUNCTION SHOULD BE ONLY ONCE CALLED.
int ret = instance->Start();
if (ret < 0)
{
    printf("Start() error...\n");
    delete instance;
    return -1;
}
instance->FWCMD(1, 14);
//=========================================================================
```

4. You can read and modify the processing parameters for data input/output.

```
//== 4. APPLY LiDAR POSE ==================================================
// APPLY POSITION AND ORIENTATION OF LiDAR
// YOU CAN USE GET/SET FUNCTION OF LiDAR POSE
//
// GetExtrinsicTransformParam (float &x, float &y, float &z, float &rx, float &ry, float &rz)
// SetExtrinsicTransformMatParam (const float x, const float y, const float z, const float rx, const float ry, const float rz)
//
// x, y, z ARE POSITION OF LiDAR
// rx, ry, rz ARE ORIENTATION OF LiDAR
float SensorX;
float SensorY;
float SensorZ;
float SensorRX;
float SensorRY;
float SensorRZ;
instance->GetExtrinsicTransformParam (SensorX, SensorY, SensorZ, SensorRX, SensorRY, SensorRZ);
std::cout << "SensorX : " << SensorX << std::endl;
std::cout << "SensorY : " << SensorY << std::endl;
std::cout << "SensorZ : " << SensorZ << std::endl;
std::cout << "SensorRX : " << SensorRX << std::endl;
std::cout << "SensorRY : " << SensorRY << std::endl;
std::cout << "SensorRZ : " << SensorRZ << std::endl;

instance->SetExtrinsicTransformMatParam ( 0, 0, 1.0f, 0, 0, 0 );
//=========================================================================
```

```
//== 5. OTHER GET PARAMETER FUNCTIONS =====================================
// GetIPAddrParam()
// GetPortNumParam ()
// GetMinZParam ()
// GetMaxZParam ()
// GetMinYParam ()
// GetMaxYParam ()
// GetMinXParam ()
// GetMaxXParam ()
// GetMinRangeParam ()
// GetMaxRangeParam ()
// GetHoriAngleOffsetParam ()
// GetVertiAngleOffsetParam ()
// GetMaxVertiAngleParam ()
// GetMinVertiAngleParam ()
// GetMaxHoriAngleParam ()
// GetMinHoriAngleParam ()
```

```
//== 6. OTHER SET PARAMETER FUNCTIONS ============================================
// SetMinZParam (const float z_min)
// SetMaxZParam (const float z_max)
// SetMinYParam (const float y_min)
// SetMaxYParam (const float y_max)
// SetMinXParam (const float x_min)
// SetMaxXParam (const float x_max)
// SetMinRangeParam (const float range_min)
// SetMaxRangeParam (const float range_max)
// SetHoriAngleOffsetParam (const float hori_angle_offset)
// SetVertiAngleOffsetParam (const float verti_angel_offset)
// SetMaxVertiAngleParam (const float verti_angle_max)
// SetMinVertiAngleParam (const float verti_angle_min)
// SetMaxHoriAngleParam (const float hori_angle_max)
```

5. Functions that output sensor values are specified as annotations. One of the following two functions will be used:

- void GetCartesianOutputsWithIntensity(): Get the intensity and coordinates of the point cloud.
- void GetSphericalOutputsWithIntensity(): Get the intensity, range, horizontal angle, and vertical angle of the point cloud.

```
//== 7. START GETTING SENSOR DATA ================================
// YOU CAN GET SW DATA PACKET RATE THROUGH GetDPR()
// void GetDPR(float &dpr)
//
// THERE ARE 2 OUTPUT FUNCTIONS.
// YOU SHOULD USE ONLY ONE OF THEM.
//
// 1. int GetCartesianOutputsWithIntensity( double _SystemTime,
//                                          std::vector <float>& _IntensityArray,
//                                          std::vector <float>& _XCoordArray,
//                                          std::vector <float>& _YCoordArray,
//                                          std::vector <float>& _ZCoordArray);
//
// 2. int GetSphericalOutputsWithIntensity( double _SystemTime,
//                                          std::vector <float>& _IntensityArray,
//                                          std::vector <float>& _RangeArray,
//                                          std::vector <float>& _HorizontalAngleArray,
//                                          std::vector <float>& _VerticalAngleArray);
//
// WE WILL GET DATA DURING 20SECS.
```

6. While running the code, the Network Recovery function is provided in the following cases:

- When LiDAR is turned off
- When LiDAR is disconnected from Ethernet
- When connecting another LiDAR

You can use the Recovery Network function of the sample test code “test_recover_network.cpp”.

```
//== 5. DISCONNECT AND RECONNECT NETWORK CONNECTION WITH LIDAR ==========
// LET'S ASSUME THAT A CONNECTION PROBLEM WITH LIDAR OCCURED.
// EX) LIDAR IS POWERED OFF, LIDAR'S ETHERNET CONNECTION IS PHYSICALLY DISCONNECTED, OR OTHER LIDAR IS CONNECTED.
// WE WILL REMOVE NETWORK PART IN CLIENT SIDE AND WILL CREATE IT AGAIN.

// REMOVE NETWORK INTERFACE AND THREADS AND CREATE THOSE AGAIN.
LOGPRINT(main, YRL_LOG_USER, ("RECOVER NETWORK....\n"));
instance->RecoveryNetwork();
std::this_thread::sleep_for(std::chrono::milliseconds(10000));

// RECONNECT
LOGPRINT(main, YRL_LOG_USER, ("CONNECT TO LIDAR....\n"));
instance->SetIPAddrParam(ip);
int result = instance->StartTCP();
if (result == -1)
{
    std::string IpAddress = instance->GetIPAddrParam();
    int PortNumber = instance->GetPortNumParam ();
    LOGPRINT(main, YRL_LOG_USER, ("CANNOT START COMMUNICATION WITH LIDAR.\n"));
    LOGPRINT(main, YRL_LOG_USER, ("CONNECT TO [IP:%s PORT:%d] FAILED. CHECK YOUR NETWORK CONNECTION.\n", IpAddress.c_str(), PortNumber));
    delete instance;
    return -1;
}
std::this_thread::sleep_for(std::chrono::milliseconds(2500));
instance->FWCMD(1,14);
LOGPRINT(main, YRL_LOG_USER, ("CONNECTED\n"));
//=======================================================================
```

Yujin Robot Co., Ltd.
Harmony-ro 187 beon-gil 33, Yeonsu-gu, Incheon (Songdo-dong)
Phone +82 32 550 2300 Fax +82 32 550 2301
www.yujinrobot.com